

# Sri Lanka Ventures into Deep Space Exploration with China's DSEL

June 7, 2024.



Professor Wu Weiren, Chief Designer of China's Lunar Exploration Program (fourth from left) exchanging the document with R.M. Manivannan, Chairman, Supreme Group Holdings (fourth from right) in the presence of other officials.

A new chapter in Sri Lankan history is being written as the nation steps into deep space exploration. In the wake of China's highly successful Chang'e 6 lunar mission, the visit of Professor Wu Weiren, Chief Designer of China's Lunar Exploration Program, to Sri Lanka, has sparked considerable intrigue and excitement.

## **A Historic Lunar Mission**

China's Chang'e 6 mission, launched on May 3, 2024, marks a monumental achievement in space exploration. The mission successfully landed on the far side

of the Moon in the South Pole- Aitken Basin, a region that holds significant scientific interest due to its ancient impact history. Chang'e 6 aims to return approximately two kilograms of lunar samples to Earth, providing unprecedented insights into the Moon's composition and geological history.

### **Sri Lanka's New Role in Space Exploration**

In an extraordinary development, a Sri Lankan company was established to collaborate with China's Deep Space Exploration Laboratory (DSEL). Supreme Deep Space is now set to play a pivotal role in advancing lunar and Mars missions.

This partnership places Sri Lanka on the global space exploration map and allows the nation to contribute significantly to groundbreaking scientific endeavors.



Kanaka Herath, State Minister of Technology with Manivanan, Chairman, Supreme Global Holdings (fourth from left) and Professor Wu Weiren, Chief Designer of China's Lunar Exploration Program (fifth from right).

## **Global Competition and Strategic Alliances**

The timing of this partnership is particularly noteworthy given the current global landscape of space exploration. The United States' Artemis program is set to compete with China's lunar ambitions, aiming to land astronauts on the Moon by 2026 and establish a sustainable presence there. Both nations seek international collaborators, and Sri Lanka's cooperation with China may suggest a strategic alignment. The primary focus remains on the scientific and technological advancements this partnership will bring.

## **A Groundbreaking Development for Sri Lanka**

Prof Wu Weiren's visit underscores the strategic importance of this collaboration. The establishment of Supreme Deep Space is a testament to the visionary approach of leveraging Sri Lankan space science and technology expertise. This initiative is poised to inspire a new generation of scientists and engineers in Sri Lanka, fostering a culture of innovation and exploration.

## **Sri Lanka and China Forge New Paths in Space Exploration: Areas of Cooperation**

Supreme Deep Space and China's Deep Space Exploration Laboratory (DSEL) have outlined several areas of collaboration to advance space exploration and technology. This partnership will leverage Sri Lanka's unique expertise and China's advanced capabilities in various research initiatives.

## **Establishing a Local Expertise Database**

Supreme Deep Space will create a comprehensive database to catalog local expertise relevant to space missions. This database will include scientists, engineers, and researchers with specialized astrophysics, materials science, and space mission logistics knowledge. This initiative aims to streamline collaboration and ensure that the best minds in Sri Lanka contribute to global space missions.

## **Joint Research on 3D Printing in Construction**

A key area of cooperation is joint research on 3D printing technologies for construction. This research will focus on developing methods for building structures on the Moon using lunar regolith, which could significantly reduce the cost and complexity of establishing lunar bases. By combining DSEL's advanced 3D printing

technologies with Sri Lankan innovations, the partnership seeks to pioneer new techniques for off-Earth construction.

### **Generating Oxygen from Lunar Water**

Another exciting collaboration involves joint research on breaking down H<sub>2</sub>O to generate oxygen. With the potential discovery of water ice at the Moon's poles, this research could provide critical life support resources for future lunar missions. The project will explore efficient methods to electrolyze water, harnessing solar power to produce oxygen and hydrogen, essential for sustaining human presence on the Moon.

### **Exploring the Space Elevator Concept using Graphene**

The partnership also aims to investigate the feasibility of a space elevator using graphene, a material known for its incredible strength and conductivity. This ambitious concept involves creating a tethered structure from the Earth's surface to a geostationary orbit, enabling cost-effective transport of materials and personnel into space. Joint research will focus on developing graphene production techniques and testing its application in space elevator technology.

### **Hikkaduwa's Lower Gravity Impact Scenario**

Supreme Deep Space and DSEL will conduct joint research on the lower gravity impact scenario, taking advantage of Sri Lanka's Hikkaduwa region. This area, with its unique geological features, provides an ideal environment for studying the effects of reduced gravity on various materials and biological systems. The findings could offer valuable insights into how different substances and organisms might behave in lunar or Martian conditions.

### **TT&C, Ground Segment Support, and IT Resource Sharing**

The collaboration extends to Tracking, Telemetry, and Command (TT&C) services, ground segment support, and IT resource sharing. Supreme Deep Space will provide critical mission monitoring and control infrastructure, leveraging Sri Lanka's strategic geographic position. This support will ensure seamless communication and data exchange between Earth-based stations and spacecraft, enhancing space missions' overall efficiency and safety.

### **Mission Monitoring and Control Support**

Finally, Supreme Deep Space will be pivotal in mission monitoring and control. The company will support DSEL's missions in real-time by establishing state-of-the-art facilities equipped with advanced technologies. This includes tracking spacecraft, analyzing mission data, and coordinating with international space agencies to ensure the success of collaborative space endeavors.

These areas of cooperation between Supreme Deep Space and DSEL mark a significant step forward for Sri Lanka in the global space community. By harnessing local expertise and contributing to cutting-edge research, Sri Lanka is poised to become a key player in deep space exploration, driving innovation and scientific discovery for the benefit of humanity.

### **Looking Ahead**

With missions like Chang'e 7 and 8 on the horizon, aimed at exploring the Moon's south pole and establishing a lunar research station, Sri Lanka benefits immensely from its association with DSEL. These missions align with the broader objectives of Supreme Deep Space, paving the way for Sri Lanka to become an integral part of international space missions.



Prof Wu Weiren, Chief Designer of China's Lunar Exploration Program with other officials during the inspection tour.



The DSEL delegation took an observation tour of the Supreme Deep Space Complex and Teleport in Pallekele, Kandy.